

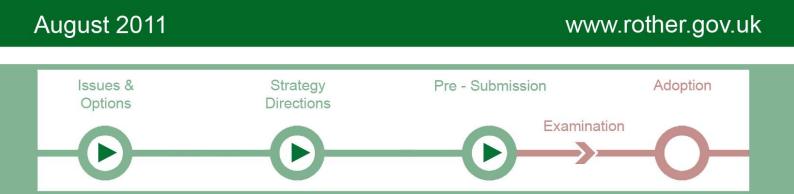
Rother District Council

Local Development Framework

Rye and Rye Harbour Study



Part 2 - Appendices and Maps

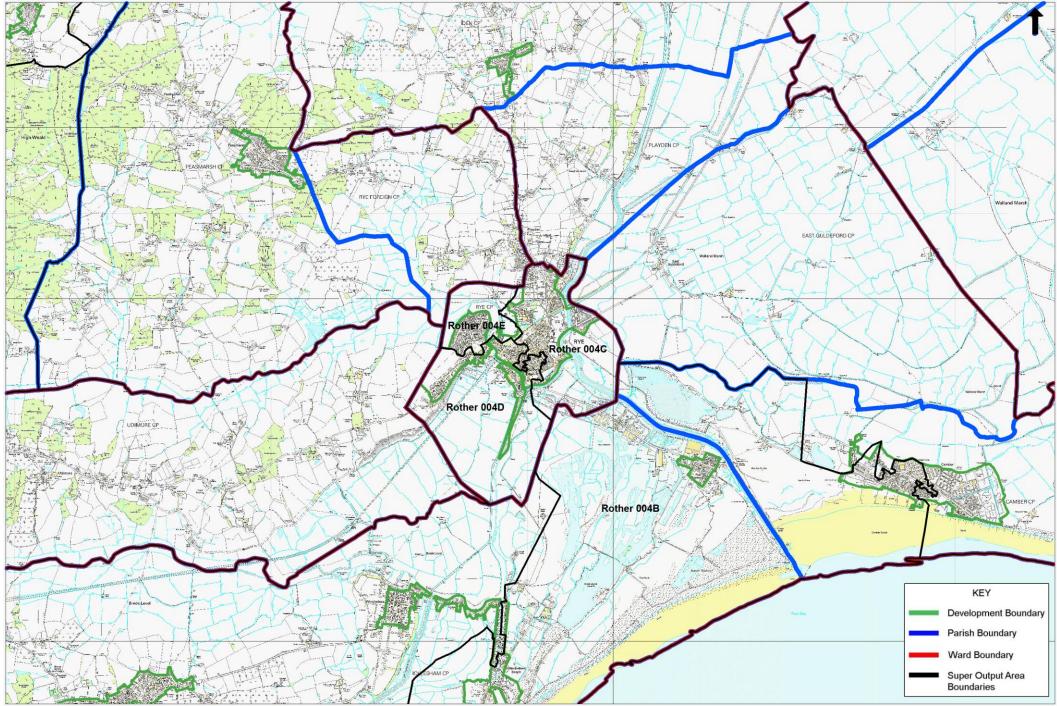


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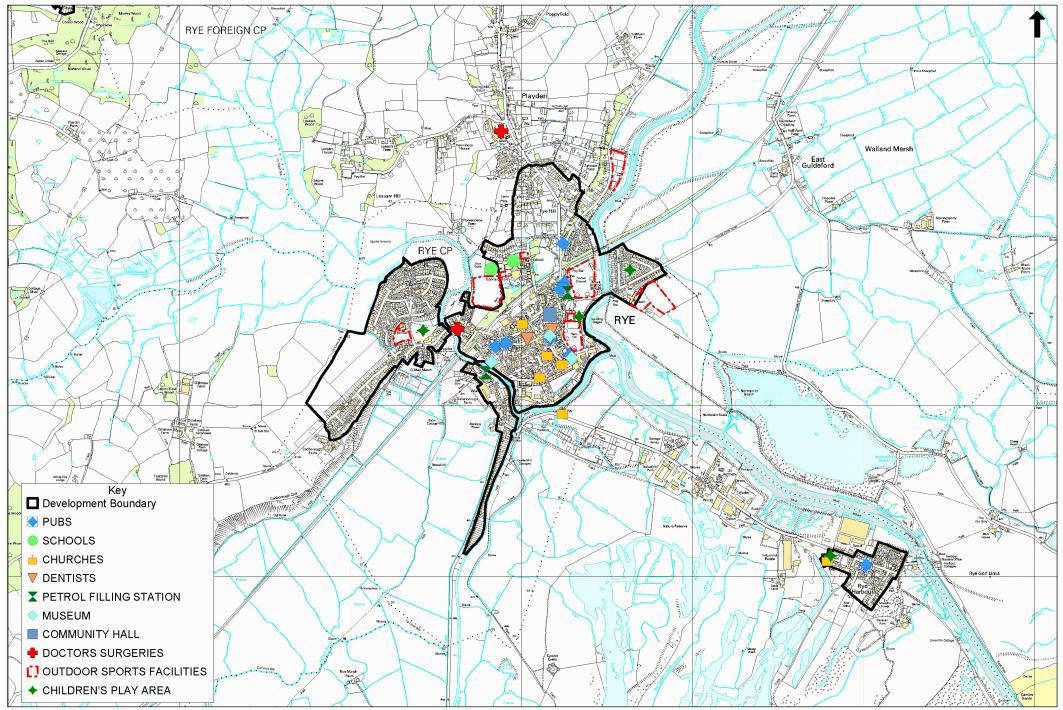
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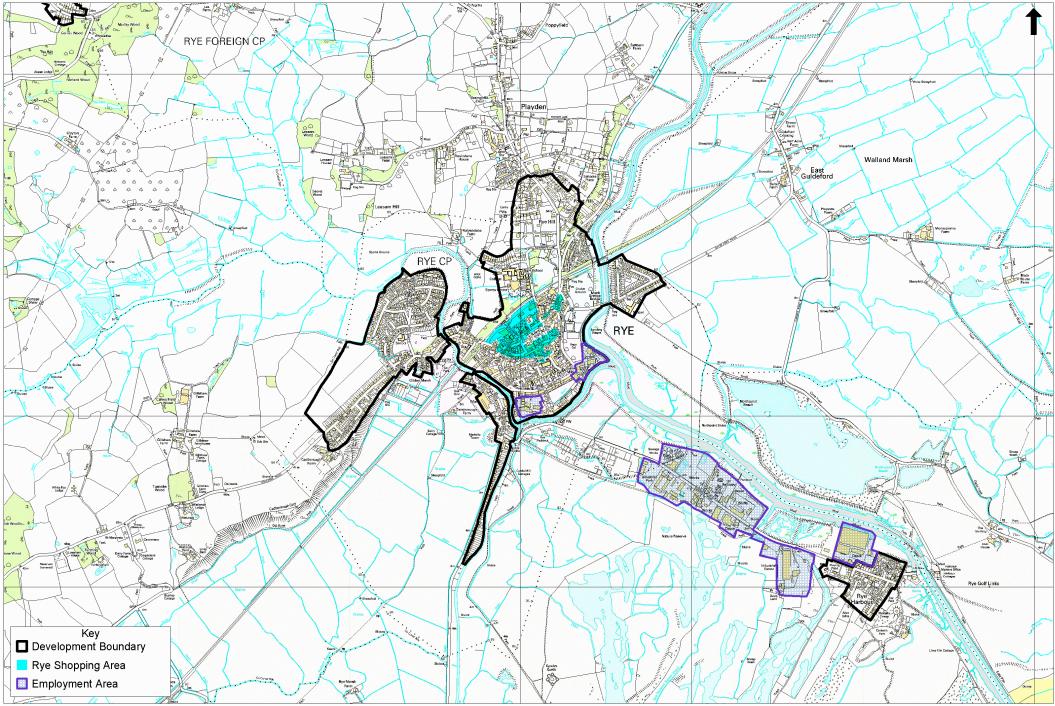
Map 1 Political and Geographical Boundaries



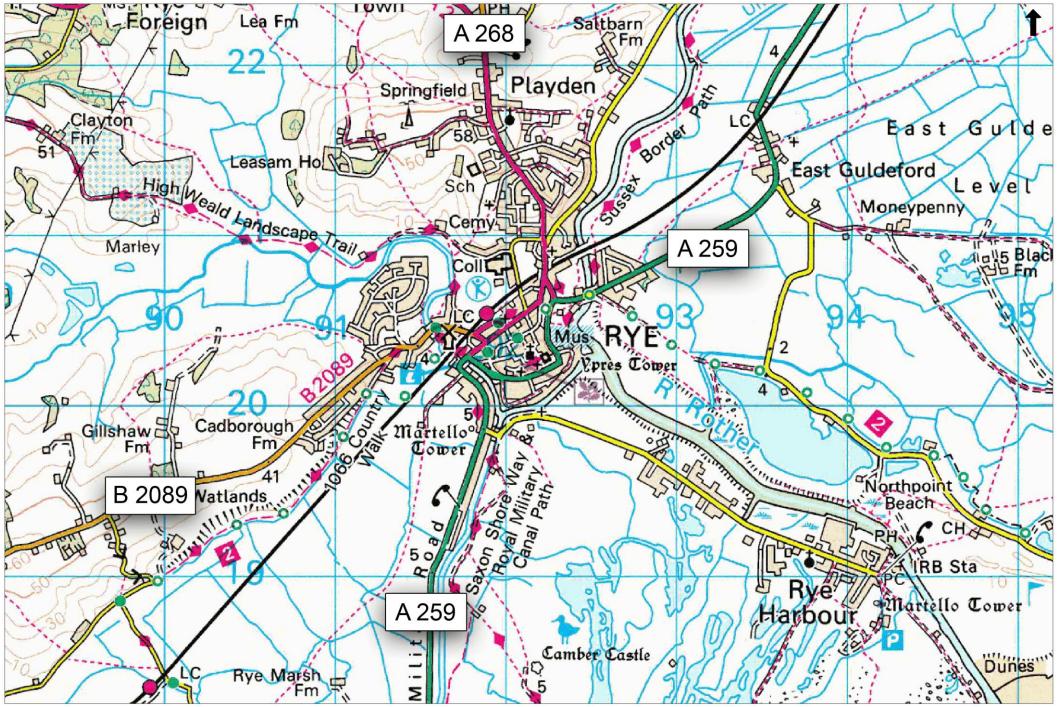
Map 2 Key Services



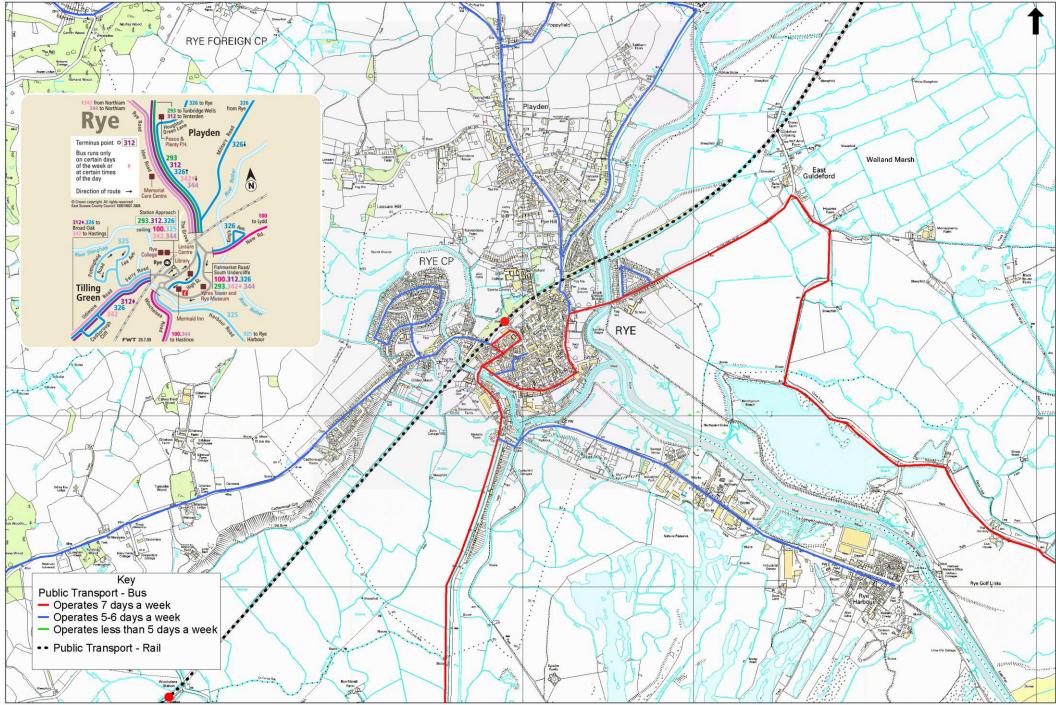
Map 3 Economic Context



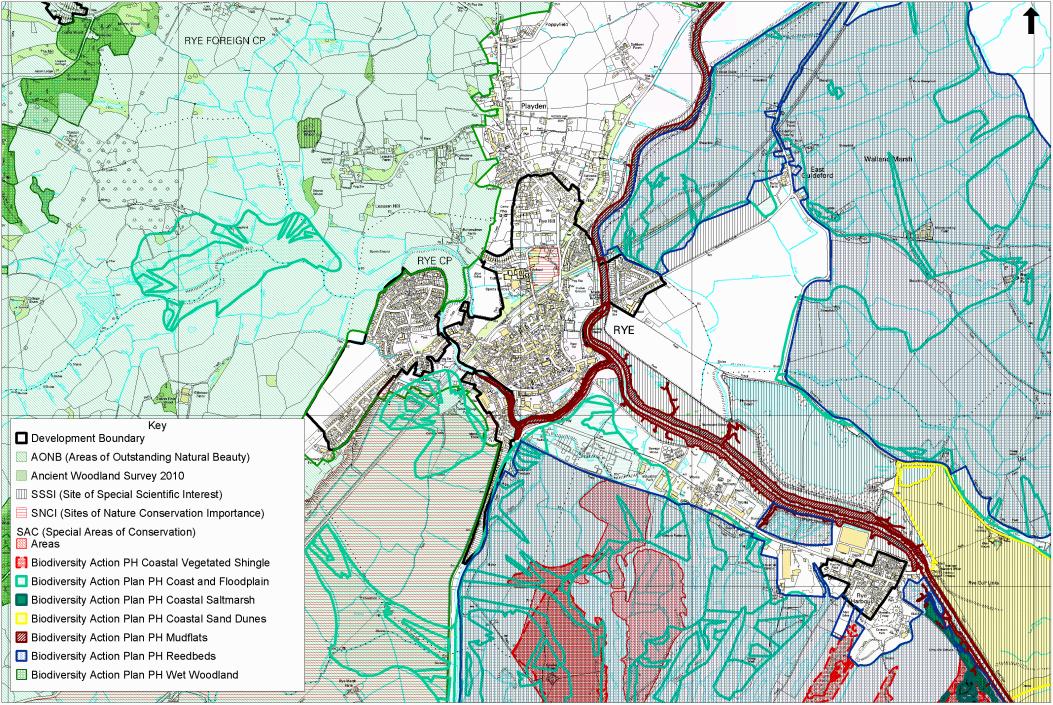
Map 4 Roads



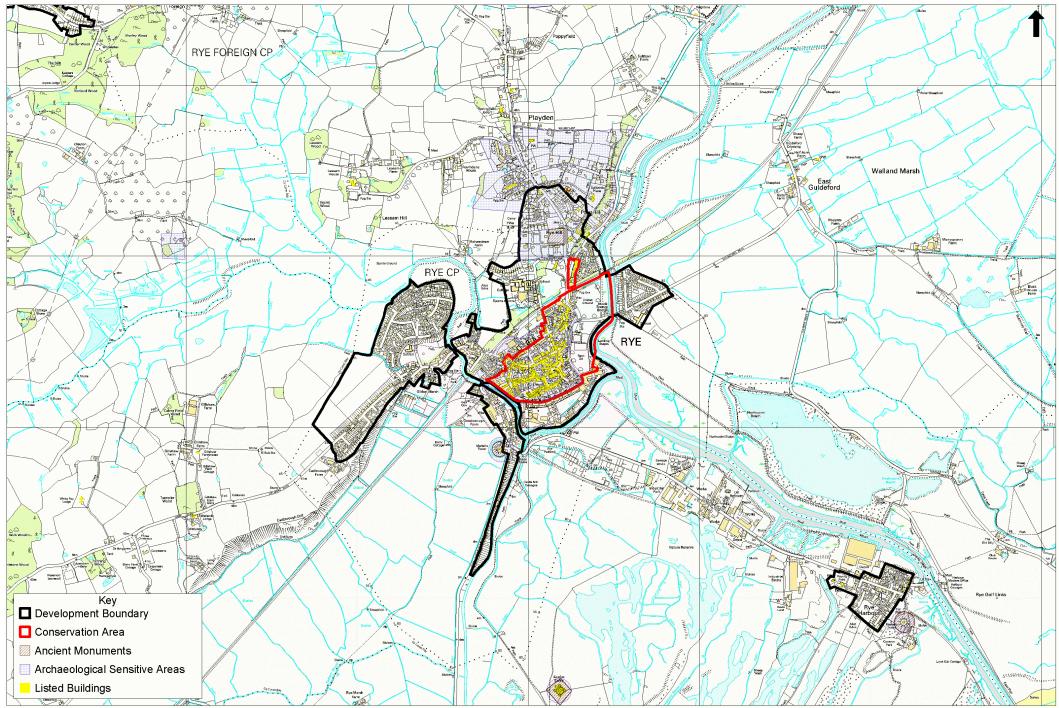
Map 5 Public Transport



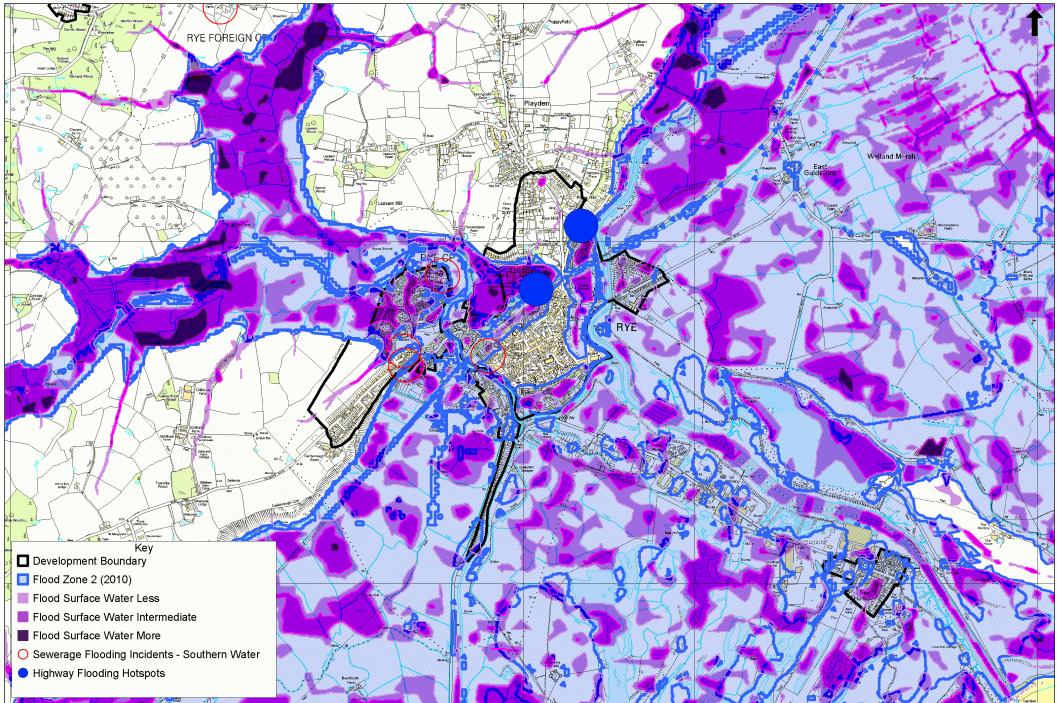
Map 6 Environmental and Habitat Designations

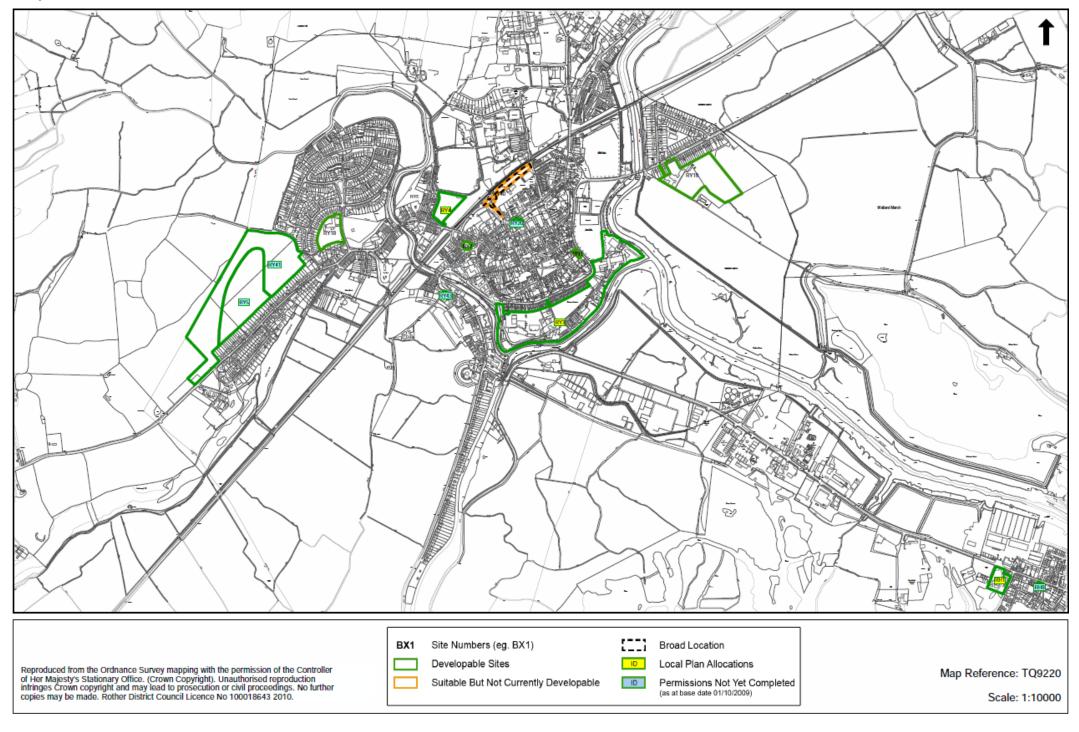


Map 7 Historic Environment



Map 8 Flood Risk





Appendix 1 Population in 2010

	All ages	0-14	15-29	30-44	45-64	65-74	75-84	85+		
Great Britain	60478757	10499768	12136563	12392745	15417933	5250701	3405631	1375416		
South East	8509335	1497421	1605361	1732332	2211753	745858	497984	218626		
East Sussex	517040	84306	78713	86530	146516	58865	41892	20218		
Rother	89987	13394	11706	12697	26327	12388	9068	4407		
Eastern Rother	5229	785	795	730	1739	704	384	92		
Rother Levels	4800	858	442	744	1658	661	310	127		
Rye	4281	569	776	630	1228	568	373	137		

Source: CACI, 2010

Appendix 2 Population by Age Band (%)

	All ages	0-14	15-29	30-44	45-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Great Britain	100	17.4	20.1	20.5	25.5	8.7	5.6	2.3
South East	100	17.6	18.9	20.4	26	8.8	5.9	2.6
East Sussex	100	16.3	15.2	16.7	28.3	11.4	8.1	3.9
Rother	100	14.9	13	14.1	29.3	13.8	10.1	4.9
Eastern Rother	100	15	15.2	14	33.3	13.5	7.3	1.8
Rother Levels	100	17.9	9.2	15.5	34.5	13.8	6.5	2.6
Rye	100	13.3	18.1	14.7	28.7	13.3	8.7	3.2

Source: CACI, 2010

This dataset shows population estimates by broad age groups and gender in 2010 to ward level.

From these tables it can be seen that Rye has a higher proportion of people aged over 45 than the regional and national average.

Appendix 3 Percentage Population Growth by Age Group, 2001 to 2010

	All ages	0-14	15-29	30-44	45-64	65-74	75-84	85+
South East	6.1	0.2	10.6	-4.7	13.5	11.5	7.0	24.0
East Sussex	4.8	-3.1	11.4	-11.2	16.6	11.3	0.4	13.9
Rother	5.3	-1.3	14.0	-13.3	16.6	11.2	-2.9	12.3
Eastern Rother	10.9	7.7	26.8	-11.5	24.7	12.8	-3.8	-19.3
Rother Levels	3.1	2.1	-12.3	-13.6	22.3	13.0	-18.0	-3.8
Rye	7.1	0.4	31.3	-12.5	10.9	11.4	0.3	3.8

Source: ESiF, Population estimates. Published August 2010, including mid-year population estimates from mid-2001 to mid-2010.

This dataset shows that Rye has experienced a large population growth of 15 – 29 year olds since 2001.

Appendix 4

Life Expectancy

		Healthy life	Disability-free
Health expectancy	Life expectancy	expectancy	life expectancy
England and Wales	78.3	70.5	62.7
South East	79.4	73.2	65.8
Rother	79.3	73	64.8
Eastern Rother	78.5	71.8	63.2
Rother Levels	80.6	75.2	67.5
Rye	80.1	73.3	65

Source: Office for National Statistics, Life Expectancy at Birth 1999-2003 (experimental statistics)

This dataset gives 3 measures of health expectancy at birth:

- healthy life expectancy (HLE) at birth, defined as expected years of life in 'good' or 'fairly good' health;

- disability-free life expectancy (DFLE) at birth, defined as expected years of life free from limiting long-standing illness or disability.

- life expectancy at birth is also given for comparison and so the number of years of ill health can also be examined.

Data is presented as an average for the period 1999-2003. These are experimental statistics, meaning they are in the testing phase and not fully developed and so should be treated with a degree of caution.

This table shows that the life expectancy, healthy life expectancy and disability free life expectancy are all higher in Rye than the local and national averages.

Appendix 3	
Population Densit	у
England and Wales	3.4
South East	4.2
East Sussex	2.9
Rother	1.7
Eastern Rother	0.7
Rother 004B	1.3
Rother 002A	0.4
Rother Levels	0.8
Rother 002D	0.8
Rye	9.7
Rother 004C	10.4
Rother 004D	6.9
Rother 004E	18.4
0 000 0	

Source: 2001 Census

Annendix 5

This dataset shows the population density as persons per hectare. This is calculated from the total resident population and the area in hectares shown in the 2001 Census. Rye has a far greater population density than Rother District as a whole.

Appendix 6 Economic Activity Rate

Economically active	All people aged 16 – 74	All economically active people	%
England and Wales	37607438	25022204	66.5
South East	5766307	4037629	70
East Sussex	340023	220737	64.9
Rother	57670	34827	60.4
Eastern Rother	3416	2086	61.1
Rother 004B	1086	680	62.6
Rother 002A	1136	702	61.8
Rother Levels	3226	2009	62.3
Rother 002D	1050	678	64.6
Rye	2902	1798	62
Rother 004C	1112	681	61.2
Rother 004D	1068	693	64.9
Rother 004E	722	424	58.7

Source: 2001 Census

This dataset shows economically active people aged 16-74 by employment status.

The percentage of economically active people in Rye is higher than the district level however it is still well below the regional and national levels.

Appendix 7 Industry of Employment

Industry of employment	All people aged 16-74 in employment	Agriculture, fishing, energy and water	Manufacturing	Construction	Distribution, hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Banking, finance and insurance etc.	Public administration, education and health	Other
England and Wales	100	2.5	15	6.8	21.6	7	17.7	24.3	5.2
						7			
South East	100	2.4	12.1	7.1	20.6	8.1	20.7	23.6	5.3
East Sussex	100	2.9	10.6	8.4	22.1	6.1	16.5	27.8	5.6
Rother	100	4	10.2	8.4	21.7	5.4	16.8	27.8	5.6
Eastern Rother	100	5.9	10.1	8.8	28.2	7.3	12.1	21.7	6
Rother 004B	100	4.9	10.6	10.3	32.3	4.4	10.4	20.3	6.8
Rother 002A	100	6.7	10.5	6.4	28.3	11.8	10.6	19.6	6
Rother Levels	100	6.4	11.9	8.2	22.8	6.6	15.9	22.4	5.9
Rother 002D	100	5.9	12.3	7.6	25.9	7.4	14.5	20.5	5.9
Rye	100	3.2	13.1	7.8	30.6	6.8	11.2	20.8	6.3
Rother 004C	100	2.9	14.3	5.6	29.3	8.1	13.2	20.2	6.5
Rother 004D	100	4.4	13.2	9.1	31.4	4.7	11.4	19.8	6.1
Rother 004E	100	2.5	11.2	9.4	31.2	8.4	7.6	23.4	6.3

Source: 2001 Census

This dataset shows details of people aged 16-74 in employment by both the broad categories of industry in which they are employed, and more specific categories, together with the percentage of all working age people in work who work in that sector.

The largest category of employment for Rye is Distribution, hotels and restaurants with 30.6%.

Appendix 8 Occupations in 2001 (%)

Occupations	All people aged 16 - 74 in employment	Managers and senior officials	Professional	Associate professional and technical	Adminstrative and secretarial	Skilled trades	Personal service	Sales and customer service	Process; plant and machine operatives	Elementary
England and Wales	100	15.1	11.2	13.8	13.3	11.6	6.9	7.7	8.5	11.9
South East	100	17.4	12.1	14.6	13.8	11	6.9	7.3	6.3	10.5
East Sussex	100	16.4	10.5	13.9	13.1	13.2	8.6	7.5	6	10.9
Rother	100	17.1	10.2	13.7	12.9	14.1	8.9	6.9	5.4	10.8
Eastern Rother	100	15.5	6.6	13.4	11	18.1	8.6	7.1	5.8	13.9
Rother 004B	100	15	3.6	12.5	10	20.7	9.8	6.3	7.3	14.7
Rother 002A	100	14.2	6.4	14.2	10.5	15.9	7.5	8.8	5.4	16.9
Rother Levels	100	19.9	10.5	13	11.5	14.6	7.7	5.5	6.5	10.8
Rother 002D	100	17.1	8.3	13.6	11.7	14.7	7.3	6.5	8	12.7
Rye	100	16.3	8.3	10.6	9.4	17.9	8.4	8.3	7.2	13.7
Rother 004C	100	22.9	12.1	11	8.5	13.5	7.4	6.7	7	11
Rother 004D	100	15.2	8.7	10.6	11.1	21.9	5.8	7.4	6.1	13.2
Rother 004E	100	7.1	1.5	9.7	8.2	18.4	14.3	12.5	9.4	18.9

Source: 2001 Census

This dataset shows details of the numbers of working age population aged 16-74, by occupation group. The main or only job of the respondent is coded to the 2000 edition of the Standard Occupational Classification.

The main occupations for Rye are managers and senior officials with the lowest being Process; plant and machine operatives.

Appendix 9 Full-time or Part-time

	All aged 16-74 in employment	%	Aged 16-74 in part-time employment	%	Aged 16-74 in full-time employment	%
England and Wales	12791618	100	1231744	9.6	11559874	90.4
South East	2127535	100	201412	9.5	1926123	90.5
East Sussex	113837	100	13640	12	100197	88
Rother	17957	100	2387	13.3	15570	86.7
Eastern Rother	1086	100	130	12	956	88
Rother 004B	354	100	42	11.9	312	88.1
Rother 002A	364	100	37	10.2	327	89.8
Rother Levels	1085	100	155	14.3	930	85.7
Rother 002D	369	100	48	13	321	87
Rye	939	100	147	15.7	792	84.3
Rother 004C	365	100	51	14	314	86
Rother 004D	357	100	56	15.7	301	84.3
Rother 004E	214	100	37	17.3	177	82.7

Source: 2001 Census

This dataset shows the number and percentage of people aged 16-74 in full-time and part-time employment. This table shows that of those aged 16-74 in employment in Rye 84.3% were in full time employment.

Hours worked per week	Working 1-5 hours a week	%	Working 6- 15 hours a week	%	Working 16- 30 hours a week	%	Working 31- 37 hours a week	%	Working 38-48 hours a week	%	Working 49 or more hours a week	%
England and Wales	65764	0.5	376300	2.9	789680	6.2	1893229	14.8	6581428	51.5	3085217	24.1
South East	11241	0.5	68937	3.2	121234	5.7	271532	12.8	1094169	51.4	560422	26.3
East Sussex	743	0.7	4495	3.9	8402	7.4	13766	12.1	56072	49.3	30359	26.7
Rother	124	0.7	756	4.2	1507	8.4	2022	11.3	8528	47.5	5020	28
Eastern Rother	10	0.9	34	3.1	86	7.9	108	9.9	518	47.7	330	30.4
Rother 004B	3	0.8	11	3.1	28	7.9	40	11.3	168	47.5	104	29.4
Rother 002A	5	1.4	8	2.2	24	6.6	29	8	194	53.3	104	28.6
Rother Levels	12	1.1	37	3.4	106	9.8	97	8.9	498	45.9	335	30.9
Rother 002D	3	0.8	12	3.3	33	8.9	41	11.1	155	42	125	33.9
Rye	6	0.6	36	3.8	105	11.2	100	10.6	433	46.1	259	27.6
Rother 004C	0	0	9	2.5	42	11.5	40	11	161	44.1	113	31
Rother 004D	3	0.8	15	4.2	38	10.6	37	10.4	156	43.7	108	30.3
Rother 004E	0	0	12	5.6	25	11.7	23	10.7	116	54.2	38	17.8

Appendix 10 Hours worked by persons in employment

Source: 2001 Census

This dataset shows the number of hours worked by people aged 16 - 74 in employment.

These tables show that the majority of people in employment in Rye work between 38 and 48 hours a week.

	Dec-09	Jan-10	Feb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May-10	Jun-10	Jul-10	Aug-10	Sep-10	Oct-10	Nov-10	Dec-10
Great Britain	262546	222171	282269	300294	297741	383011	328988	322902	383344	-	476743	352697	266393
South East	32387	28191	36215	37016	38252	48361	40533	40283	46800	-	59972	46175	34246
East Sussex	1518	977	1278	2124	1521	2330	1470	1613	2442	-	2344	2327	1487
Rother	211	150	248	235	167	230	207	322	262	-	271	252	188
Eastern													
Rother	39	18	53	21	24	20	15	6	16	-	39	24	10
Rother Levels	1	2	6	2	4	2	1	4	2	-	5	0	3
Rye	12	6	5	9	11	18	5	2	4	-	37	10	14

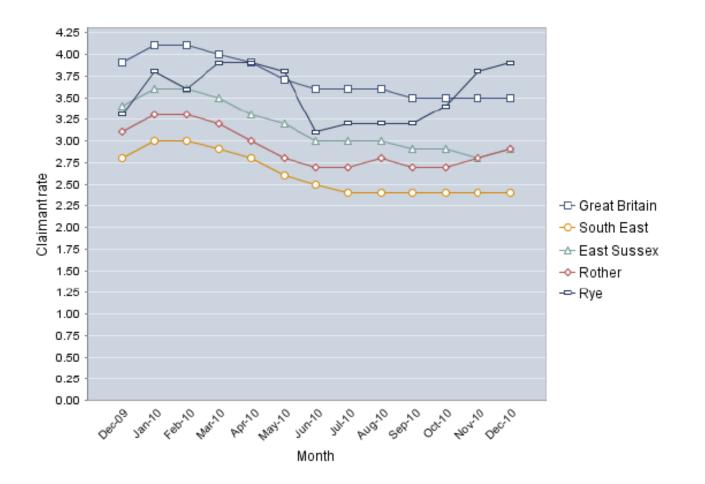
Appendix 11 Job Vacancies at Jobcentre Plus offices

Source: Jobcentre Plus offices 2010

This dataset shows the number of notified and live unfilled vacancies in Jobcentre Plus offices by the location of the vacancy.

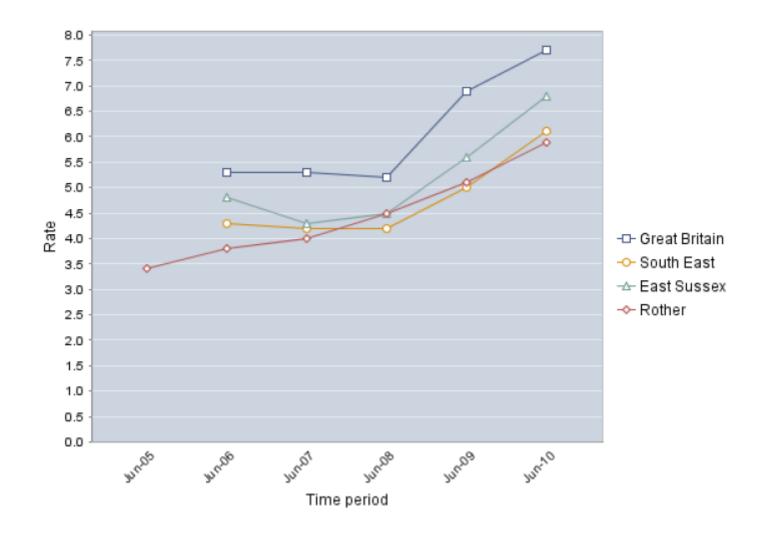
The number of live unfiled vacancies within rye reached a low point of 2 in July 2010 indicating the low levels of unfilled vacancies.

Appendix 12 Unemployment as measured by the JSA claimant count, 2009-2010



Source: ESIF 2010

Appendix 13 Unemployment Estimates, 2004-2010



Source: ESIF 2010

Appendix 14 Internet Connection (2010)

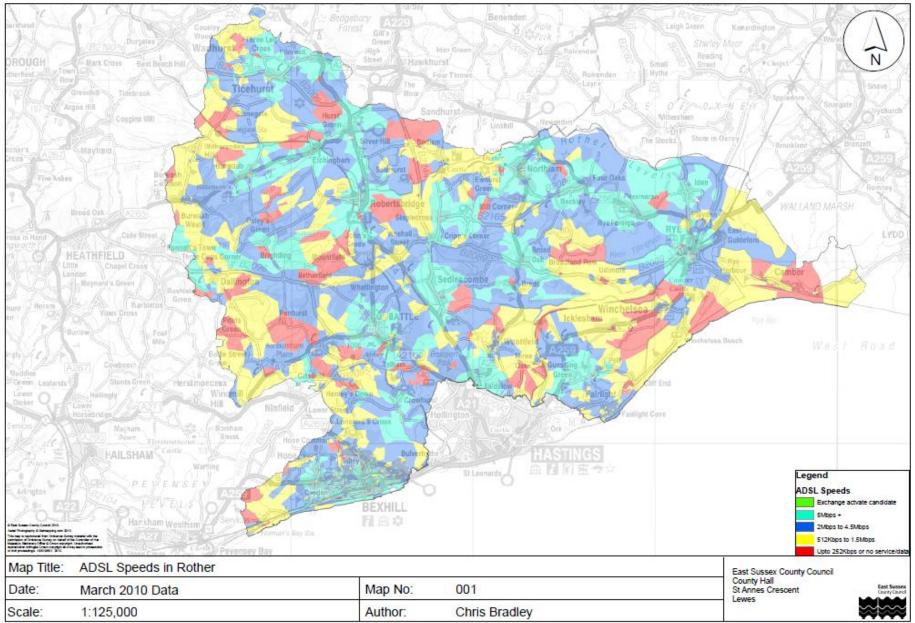
Adults	All adults over 18	Adults with internet connection at home	%
Great Britain	43796146	32579089	74.4
South East	6022135	4608838	76.5
East Sussex	382169	261767	68.5
Rother	69216	44076	63.7
Eastern Rother	3917	2420	61.8
Rother Levels	3783	2575	68.1
Rye	3503	2059	58.8

Source: CACI 2010

This dataset shows the number and percentage of adults who had a daily connection to the internet in 2010.

This table shows that a lower percentage of adults in Rye had a daily connection to the internet than Rother as a whole; this percentage is also much lower than the regional and national levels.

Map 10 Broadband Speeds in Rother



Appendix 15 Index of Multiple Deprivation Scores

East Sussex rank	(of 327, where 1	is most deprived)
Laot Oucook laint		

Domain	Notes	Index of Multiple Deprivation	Income	Employment	Health & disability	Education skills & training	Barriers to housing & services	Crime	Living Environment
Hastings 005A	Most deprived in East Sussex	1	1	1	2	1	108	21	89
Rother 004B		49	121	93	133	20	14	34	60
Rother 002A		54	107	136	164	78	20	14	23
Rother 002D		160	106	193	204	154	122	219	114
Rother 004C		107	118	126	168	47	262	48	48
Rother 004D		151	198	166	207	99	273	51	45
Rother 004E		34	26	35	53	6	321	64	132
Wealden 012D	Least deprived in East Sussex	327	320	321	312	294	318	325	327

Source: Department of Communities and Local Government, Indices of Deprivation, 2007 (based on work undertaken by the Social Disadvantage Research Centre (SDRC) in the Department of Social Policy and Social Work at the University of Oxford).

This dataset shows the results from the Indices of Deprivation 2007 (ID 2007) for super output areas (SOAs) in East Sussex. Scores and rankings are given for the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) and for each of the seven separate 'domains' of deprivation from which it is constructed.

The indices are used widely to analyse patterns of deprivation and to identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes. They are also an important tool in determining eligibility for specific funding streams

Appendix 16 Households in poverty (2005-2010)

Income/households variable	Total number of households	Number of households below 60% of GB median	Percentage of households below 60% GB median
Great Britain	26144498	6925818	26
South East	3599636	744118	21
East Sussex	233237	61826	27
Rother	41175	11769	29
Eastern Rother	2440	805	33
Rother Levels	2078	479	23
Rye	2019	740	37

Source: CACI 2010

This dataset shows median incomes and the number of households, and also gives the number and percentage of all households whose income is below 60% of the GB median household income, which in 2010 is £17,067. This is commonly used as a definition of poverty. Rye has a comparatively high proportion of households in poverty compared to national, regional and county levels.

Appendix 17 Children living in poverty (%)

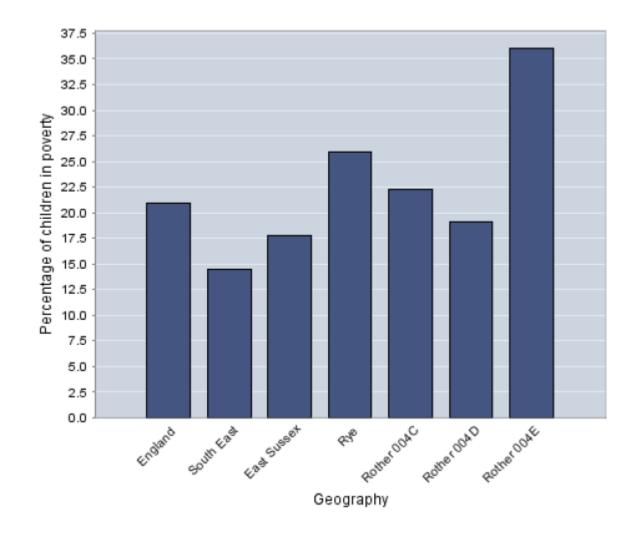
	2006	2007	2008
England	20.8	21.6	20.9
South East	14.4	14.9	14.5
East Sussex	17.2	17.7	17.7
Rother	16.8	17.3	18.2
Eastern Rother	23.9	26.2	25.4
Rother 004B	25	25.2	22.8
Rother 002A	27	28.4	27.6
Rother Levels	12.8	15.2	15.1
Rother 002D	18.3	19.7	23.5
Rye	21	21.9	25.9
Rother 004C	14.6	17.2	22.3
Rother 004D	11.3	12	19.1
Rother 004E	36.5	36.6	36

Source: HM Revenue & Customs, Child poverty statistics.

This dataset shows the number and percentage of children living in poverty. In this table, children in poverty are defined as those who are living in families who are in receipt of Child Tax Credit (CTC) whose reported income is less than 60% of the median income, or who are in receipt of Income Support (IS) or income-based Jobseekers Allowance (JSA).

This table shows that the percentage of children living in poverty within Rye is well above the national and regional levels and has increased between 2006 and 2008.

Appendix 18 Children living in poverty, 2006-2008 - super output areas



Source: ESIF 2010

Appendix 19 Housing completions

Year	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09
East Sussex	1828	1339	1546	1507	1533	1820	1435
Rother	205	208	282	248	414	426	200
Eastern Rother	4	7	3	27	56	36	40
Rother Levels	2	15	11	12	14	21	2
Rye	4	14	14	1	28	36	6

Source: ESCC

This table gives total housing completions by year from 2002 onwards.

Only net completions are shown. Net completions are the sum of new build completions, minus any demolitions, plus any gains/losses through change of use or conversions.

Appendix 20 Vacant & Second Homes

Household spaces	All household spaces	With residents	With no residents: vacant	With no residents: second home/ holiday accommodation
England & Wales	100	96.1	3.2	0.7
South East	100	96.6	2.7	0.7
East Sussex	100	95.2	3.5	1.3
Rother	100	93.1	4.3	2.6
Eastern Rother	100	84.8	7.3	7.9
Rother 004B	100	83.8	7	9.3
Rother 002A	100	80.8	11.2	7.9
Rother Levels	100	93.2	4.3	2.4
Rother 002D	100	92.3	5.7	2
Rye	100	90.7	4.3	5
Rother 004C	100	86.4	5.6	8
Rother 004D	100	90.4	4.8	4.8
Rother 004E	100	98.8	1.2	0

Source: 2001 Census

This dataset shows the number of occupied, partially occupied and unoccupied household spaces that were available in 2001.

A household space is the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household. Unoccupied household spaces are classified as either vacant, second residence or holiday accommodation.

Rye has a higher level of vacant and second homes than the district as a whole and a higher percentage than the regional and national levels.

Appendix 21 Pensioner age households with no car in 2001

Household type Geography	All households with no car	Pensioner households with no car	Lone parent households with no car	Other households with dependent children with no car
South East	638,772	345,032	57,554	33,669
East Sussex	50,290	30,053	3,988	2,213
Rother	7,922	5,526	501	219
Icklesham	243	181	17	6
Playden & East Guldeford	15	9	0	0
Rye	593	370	26	23
Rye Foreign	45	35	3	4

Appendix 22 Economic Activity in 2001

Economically active Geography	All people aged 16 - 74	Percent economically active	Percent in part- time employment	Percent in full- time employment	Percent self-employed	Percent unemployed
England and Wales	37,607,438	66.5	11.8	40.6	8.3	3.4
South East	5,766,307	70.0	12.2	43.2	9.6	2.3
East Sussex	340,023	64.9	12.9	35.1	12.0	2.6
Rother	57,670	60.4	12.2	30.1	13.7	2.3
Rye	2,902	62.0	12.5	29.7	14.4	3.4

Appendix 23 Percentage Full Time Students

Economically active	Percent full-
Geography	time students
England and Wales	2.6
South East	2.7
East Sussex	2.4
Rother	2.0
Rye	1.9

Source: 2001 Census

Appendix 24 Economic Inactivity in 2001

-

Economically inactive Geography	All people aged 16 - 74	Percent economically inactive	Percent retired	Percent students	Percent looking after home/family	Percent permanently sick/disabled
England and Wales	37,607,438	33.5	13.6	4.7	6.5	5.5
South East	5,766,307	30.0	13.4	4.2	6.5	3.4
East Sussex	340,023	35.1	17.8	3.3	6.8	4.6
Rother	57,670	39.6	22.3	3.1	6.9	4.6
Rye	2,902	38.0	19.8	3.2	7.8	4.9

Appendix 25 Occupations in 2001

Occupations Geography	All people aged 16 - 74 in employment	Percent managers and senior officials	Percent professional	Percent associate professional and technical	Percent administrative and secretarial	Percent skilled trades
England and Wales	23,627,754	15.1	11.2	13.8	13.3	11.6
South East	3,888,756	17.4	12.1	14.6	13.8	11.0
East Sussex	211,242	16.4	10.5	13.9	13.1	13.2
Rother	33,380	17.1	10.2	13.7	12.9	14.1
Rye	1,696	16.3	8.3	10.6	9.4	17.9

Appendix 26 Pupils Achieving 5+ GCSE in 2006

Subject	5 or more	5 or more	5 or more passes at grades A*-C (including Maths and English)	
Geography	passes at grades A*-G	passes at grades A*-C		
All areas	92.3	56.2	41.9	
East Sussex	92.3	56.2	41.9	
Rother	92.5	60.9	42.7	
Rye	86.1	33.3	27.8	

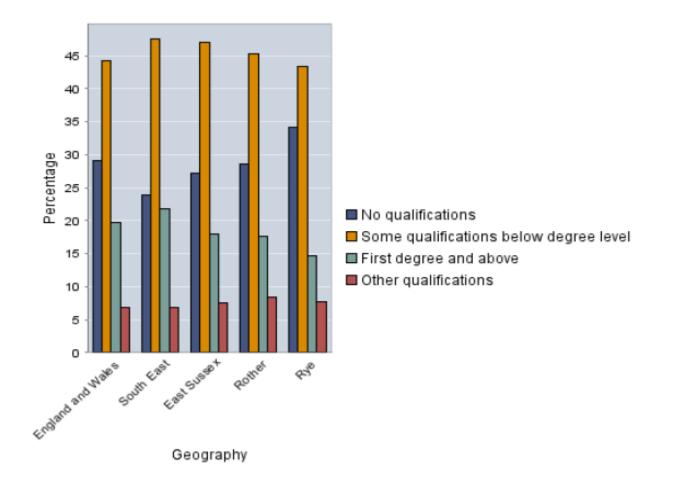
Source: Children's Services Department, ESCC. Note: pupils are shown according to where they live.

Appendix 27 Household Incomes 2010

Income/households variable Geography	Median income (£ per annum)	Number of households below 60% of GB median	Percentage of households below 60% GB median	Total number of households
Great Britain	28,445	6,925,818	26	26,144,498
South East	33,232	744,118	21	3,599,636
East Sussex	28,164	61,826	27	233,237
Rother	26,678	11,769	29	41,175
Rye	22,002	740	37	2,019

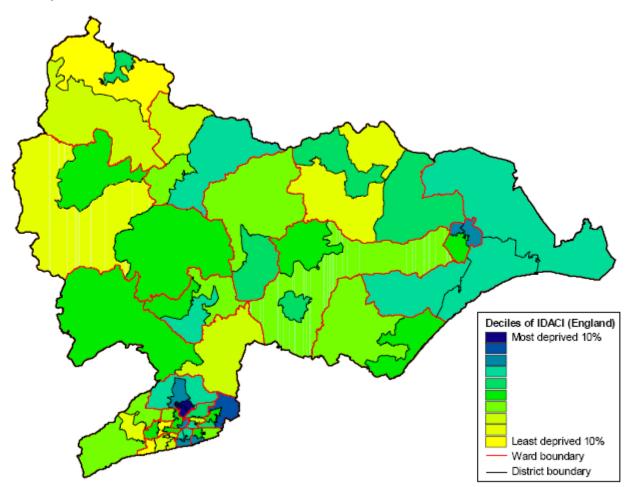
Source: CACI, 2010

Appendix 28 Qualifications in 2001

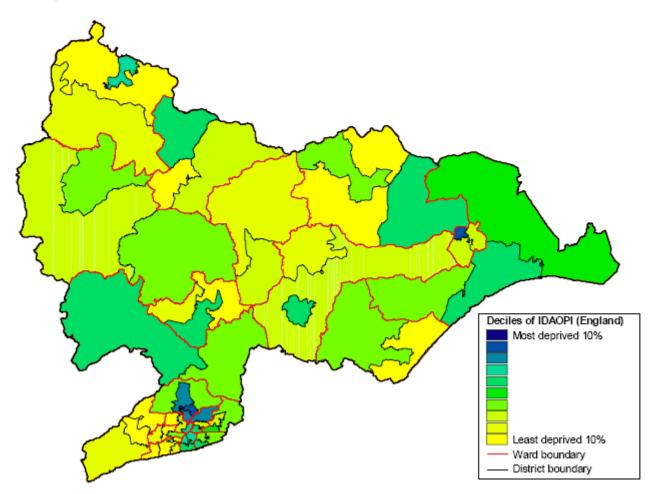


Appendix 29

Indices of Deprivation 2007: Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) Rother super output areas



Indices of Deprivation 2007: Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI) Rother super output areas

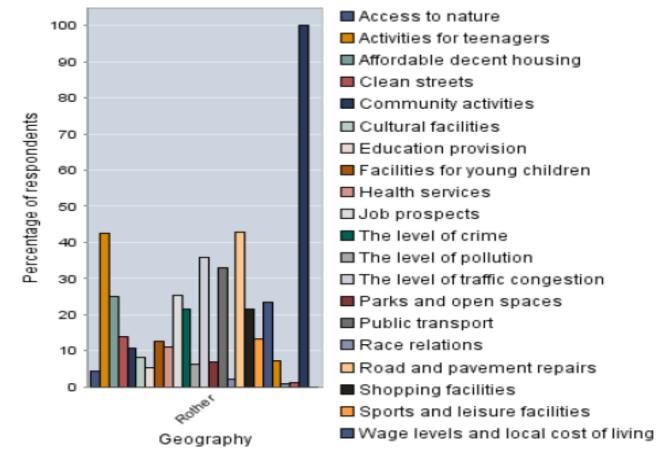


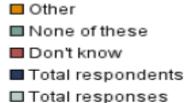
Mode of travel to work	All people aged 16-74 in employment	Private motor vehicle	Public transport	On foot or cycle	People who work mainly at or from home	Other
Geography						
England and Wales	23,627,754	14,908,562	3,422,408	3,015,610	2,170,547	110,627
South East	3,888,756	2,581,106	397,083	504,765	386,302	19,500
East Sussex	211,242	139,245	19,900	26,619	24,511	967
Icklesham	1,029	714	68	72	172	3
Playden & East Guldeford	150	89	9	8	44	0
Rye	1,685	901	101	444	236	3
Rye Foreign	151	96	8	16	28	3

Appendix 32 Mode of Transport to Work – Parishes 2001 (b)

Mode of travel to work	All people	Driving a	Passenger	Motorcycle,	Train,	Bus,	On foot \$	Bicycle 	People	Other \$
Geography	aged 16-74 in employment≑	car or van≎	in car, van or taxi \$	scooter or moped \$	underground, light rail or tram \$	minibus or coach ≎			who work mainly at or from home\$	
<u>England and</u> <u>Wales</u> ≎	23,627,754	13,050,529	1,599,689	258,344	1,674,725	1,747,683	2,364,633	650,977	2,170,547	110,627
South East \$	3,888,756	2,301,493	235,882	43,731	227,771	169,312	385,450	119,315	386,302	19,500
East Sussex ¢	211,242	123,161	14,084	2,000	11,421	8,479	22,935	3,684	24,511	967
Icklesham ≑	1,029	652	53	9	35	33	56	16	172	3
Playden & East Guldeford \$	150	83	6	0	9	0	8	0	44	0
Rye ≑	1,685	775	114	12	66	35	393	51	236	3
Rye Foreign \$	151	89	7	0	5	3	13	3	28	3

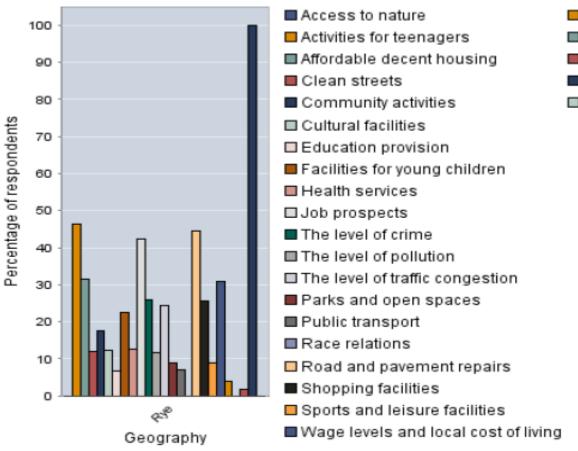
Appendix 33 - Priorities for improvement in the local area Rother





Place Survey 2008/09 -ESIF

Appendix 34 - Priorities for improvement in the local area Rye

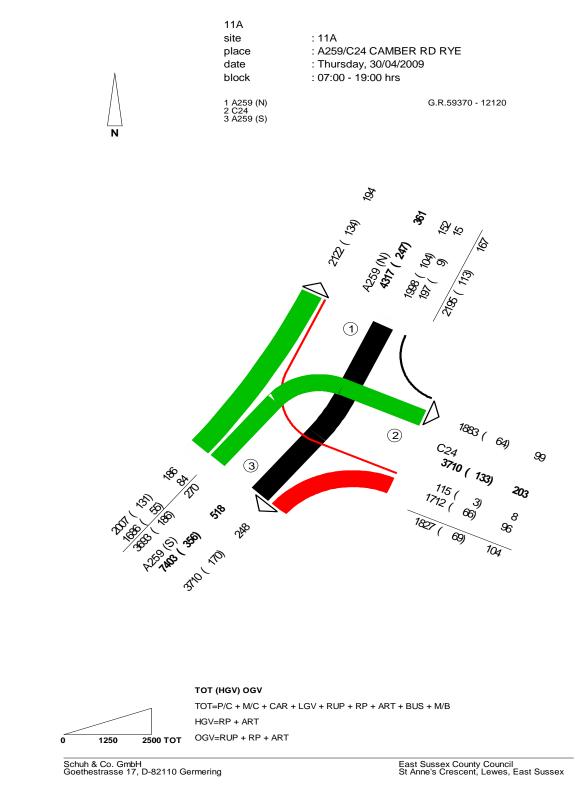


Other

- None of these
- 🗖 Don't know
- Total respondents
- Total responses

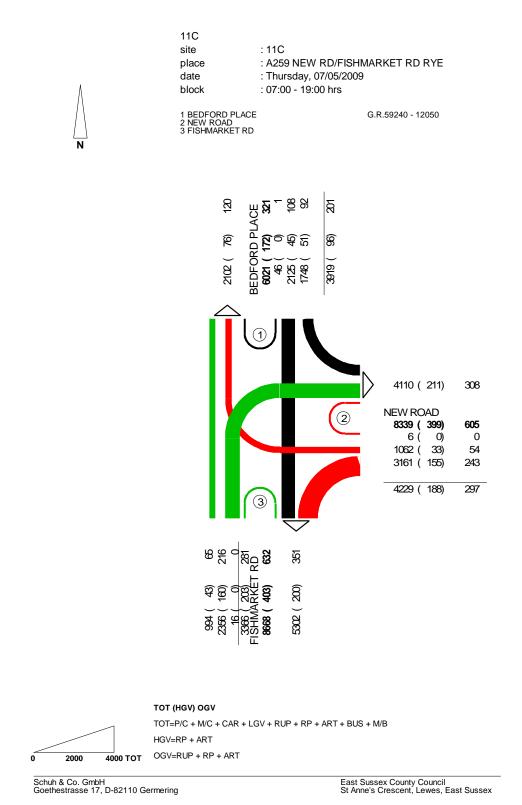
Place Survey 2008/09 - ESIF

Appendix 35 Diagram 1 Traffic Flows Counts '09 - A259/Camber Road, Rye



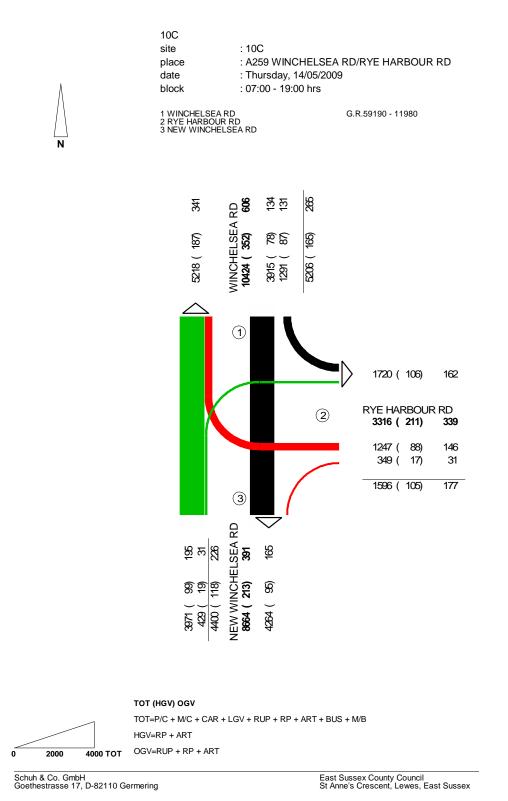
Source: East Sussex County Council - 2010

Appendix 36 Diagram 2 Traffic Flows Counts '09 – New Road/Fishmarket Road/Bedford Place



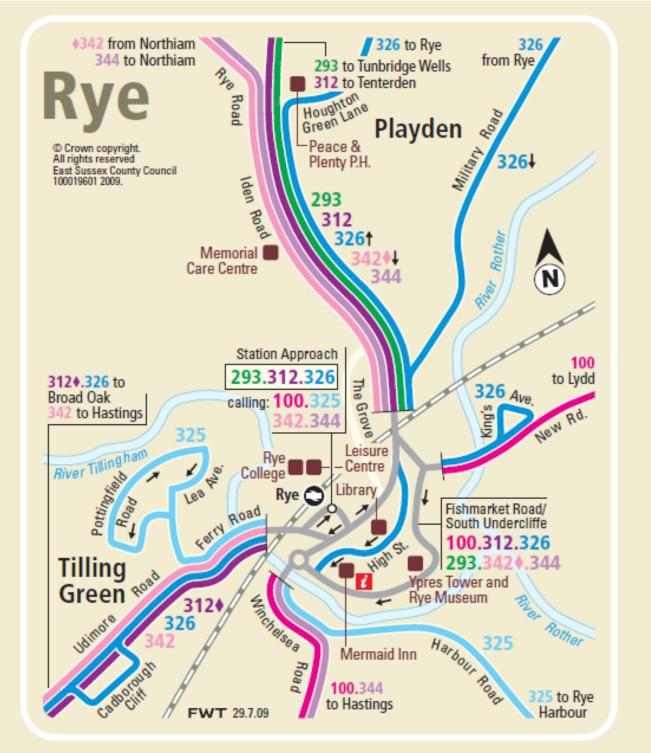
Source: East Sussex County Council - 2010

Appendix 37 Diagram 3 Traffic Flows Counts '09 – A259/Rye Harbour Road



Source: East Sussex County Council - 2010

Appendix 38 Bus Services operating in Rye



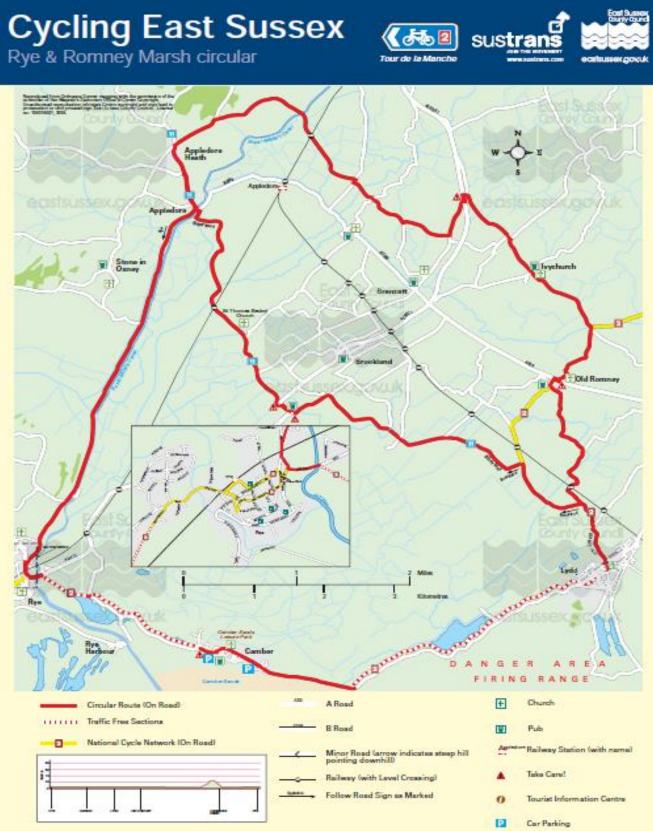
Source: East Sussex County Council - 2010

Appendix 39 Cycling Routes – Rye and Winchelsea



Source: East Sussex County Council 2010

Appendix 40 Cycling Routes – Rye and Romney Marsh



Source: East Sussex County Council 2010

APPENDIX 41 PROGRAMME OF WORKS – Rye Local Area Transport Strategy (LATS)

The schemes and measures listed below, were identified for delivery over a short, medium and long term and were delivered using capital funding from the 2nd Local Transport Plan (LTP2) capital programme. The delivery of these schemes involved close consultation with Rye Town Council, the District Council Conservation Officer, Highways Agency and other relevant bodies.

Short Term Measures	Progress
Walking	
• Rye Hill/ Military Road junction: develop options for crossing point.	Completed
Fishmarket Road: improve pedestrian crossing facilities	Completed - Puffin crossing installed.
 Investigate options to provide a pedestrian crossing on A259 or Wish Street 	Completed - Zebra crossing installed.
Strand Quay: develop pedestrian crossing facilities	Assessed - Existing zebra considered appropriate for prevailing conditions.
Deadman's Lane: develop options	Completed
Landgate Arch: implement improvements for visibility and safety	Completed
Develop options for key pedestrian crossings	Completed - Crossing proposals produced.
Public Transport	
 Improve facilities at bus stops and address access difficulties in residential areas 	Completed - Bus stops in the Tilling Green Estate were upgraded.
Station Approach: develop transport interchange scheme options	Completed
 Develop coach drop-off and parking options 	Completed - No improvements considered feasible.
Accessibility for People with Reduced Mobility	
 Improvements to bus stops to accommodate low floor buses 	Completed - Dropped kerbs on the approaches to the bus stops in the Tilling Green Estate.
Dropped kerbs and tactile paving at appropriate locations and in all new schemes	Completed - Drop kerbs and tactile paving has been included in all transport schemes.

Cycling	
Secure bicycle parking at key locations	Completed -Stands were installed in 2004 at the following locations:2 no. outside the rail station; 2 no., in Cinque Ports Street, 3 no. by St Marys Church; 1 no. at Lucknow car park; 2 no. by Community Centre in Turkey Cock Lane.
Schools	
Initiate first contact with each of the 4 schools and carry out surveys	Completed
Develop 'Safer Routes to School' programme	Completed
Parking	
Car parks: investigate options for improved visitor parking management	Completed - Access from Gibbets Marsh improved.
Gibbet Marsh car park: improvements to signing and access and seek a trial period of incentives to encourage better use of off- street car parks with Rother District Council	Partially complete - Signing and access complete. Trial of incentives to encourage better use of off-street car parks, not undertaken.
Signing	
Implement identified signing changes.	Completed - In partnership with Rye Partnership
Car parks to town centre: Sign pedestrian routes	Completed
Traffic Management	
Wish Ward/The Deals/Mermaid Street junction: investigate options	Completed - Options identified.
Station Approach: investigate options	Completed
A268 Rye Hill: develop traffic calming measures	Completed

Medium Term Measures	Progress			
Walking				
A259 or Wish Street: provide pedestrian crossing	Completed			
Rye Hill/ Military Road junction: implement crossing point	Completed			
 Cinque Ports Street/Station Approach: implement pedestrian crossing 	Included in Station Approach scheme but is affected by the access to the Cattle Market Site.			
Deadman's Lane: deliver improvement as identified by feasibility study	 Experimental scheme to be implemented in March 2011 – this will include the following:- One way from A268 westbound to Hillyfields footpath Two way working from Hillyfields footpath to junction of Love Lane Parking restriction two way section 20mph speed limit 			
Station Approach: move Zebra crossing	A scheme has been designed to improve the environment for pedestrians and facilities for bus passengers on Station Approach. The scheme includes the relocation of the existing zebra crossing on Station Approach onto the desire line between the rail station and the supermarket. Development Control have secured a proportion of the funding.			
Rye Harbour Road: new footway and lighting	Completed - Combined pedestrian and cycle facility implemented.			
Public Transport				
Rail service improvements on Marshlink	Completed – see above regarding re-location of zebra.			
Improvements to early and late bus services	Completed - Including improved interchange between bus and rail services			
Access for People with Reduced Mobility				
Improved crossing points and footways	Completed - Upgrade of zebra crossing at A259 Fishmarket to a Puffin and introduction of a zebra crossing on A259 Winchelsea Road. Improved crossing point at junction of A268/Military Road.			

Cycling	
Town centre: develop options for improved cycle routes.	Completed
Rye Harbour Road: cycle track provision	Partially completed - Three of four phases completed.
Parking	
 Parking controls covering the town centre to be reviewed 	This can considered as part of county wide review of controlled parking.
 Review town centre parking provision and opportunities to manage the use of spaces to better effect 	Completed - Parking study undertaken
Traffic Management	
The Strand to A259: investigate closure of the slip road	Completed

Lo	ong Term Measures	Progress
Tr	affic Management	
•	The Strand: close slip road to A259	Completed

Other schemes were identified as part of the LATS process; these were assessed and prioritised against other transport schemes in the County for funding available through the LTP2 capital programme.

Therefore only those with the highest priority were able to be progressed. The LATS for Rye is a long term document and as a result other schemes may be considered in the future, if funding becomes available, such as contributions secured through new development.

If you have any further questions please contact East Sussex County Council, Transport Planning: 01273 482247.

Source: East Sussex County Council – Transport Planning 2010